

Wireless 1-Gang Ceiling Type Ultrasonic Material Level Detection Sensor with 1 x Digital Output

R900PB06AO1 User Manual

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1. Introduction

R900PB06AO1 is a wireless communication device suitable for applications such as liquid level, material level, and parking space detection. This device is equipped with an ultrasonic sensor to detect the current liquid level, material level, or parking space status. It features a detection angle of approximately 20° and a stronger transmission signal, making it more suitable for detecting objects such as grain piles, sand, and soil. It transmits digital signals to a third-party device when a value exceeds the threshold. With up to 7 flexible installation options, R900PB06AO1 integrates easily into various environments. In addition, with support for Netvox NFC app, users can easily configure settings, update firmware, and access data simply by tapping their smartphone to the device.

LoRa Wireless Technology

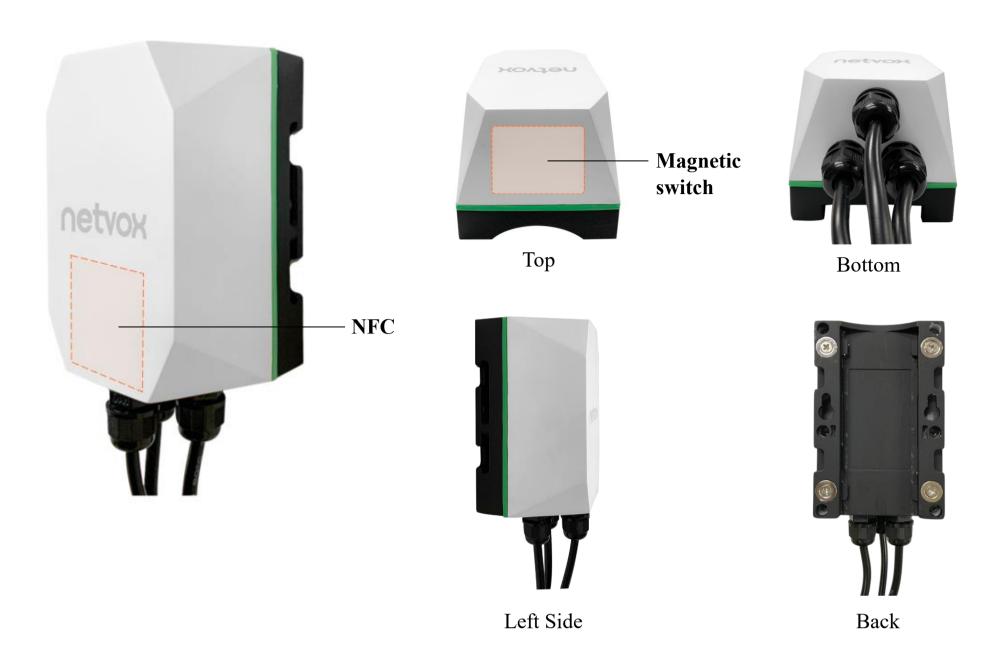
LoRa is a wireless communication technology famous for its long-distance transmission and low power consumption. Compared with other communication methods, LoRa spread spectrum modulation technique greatly extends the communication distance. It can be widely used in any case that requires long-distance and low-data wireless communications. For example, automatic meter reading, building automation equipment, wireless security systems, and industrial monitoring. It has features like small size, low power consumption, long transmission distance, strong anti-interference ability, and so on.

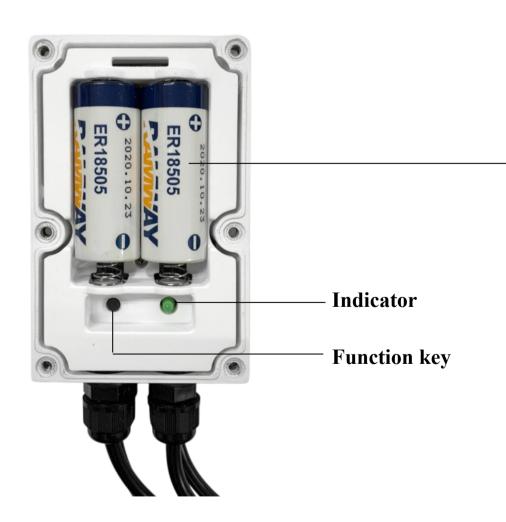
LoRaWAN

LoRaWAN uses LoRa technology to define end-to-end standard specifications to ensure interoperability between devices and gateways from different manufacturers.

2. Appearance







Battery

★ also support ER14505 battery with battery converter case



3. Features

- Powered by 2* 3.6V ER18505 batteries (also support ER14505 batteries with battery converter case)
- Main unit: IP65
- Water level, material level, and parking space detection
- Built-in vibration sensor for tamper alarm
- Up to 7 installation methods for different kinds of applications
- Support NFC. Configure and upgrade firmware on Netvox NFC app
- Store up to 10000 data
- LoRaWAN TM Class A compatible
- Frequency hopping spread spectrum
- Configuration parameters can be configured through third-party software platforms, data can be read, and alarms can be set via
 SMS text and email (optional)
- Applicable to the third-party platforms: Actility / ThingPark, TTN, MyDevices / Cayenne
- Low power consumption and longer battery life

Note: Battery life is determined by the sensor reporting frequency and other variables, please visit http://www.netvox.com.tw/electric_electric_calc.html for battery life and calculation.

4. Setup Instructions

On / Off

Power on	Insert 2* ER18505 batteries or 2* ER14505 batteries with battery converter case.
Power off	Remove the batteries.

Function key

Turn on	Press and hold the function key for 3 seconds until the green indicator flashes once.				
	Step 1. Press and hold the function key for 5 seconds until the green indicator flashes once.				
Turn off	Step 2. Release the function key and short press it in 5 seconds.				
	Step 3. The green indicator flashes 5 times. R900 turns off.				
	Step 1. Press and hold the function key for 10 seconds. The green indicator flashes once every 5 seconds.				
Factory reset	Step 2. Release the function key and short press it in 5 seconds.				
	Step 3. The green indicator flashes 20 times. R900 is factory reset and off.				

Magnetic switch

Hold a magnet near R900 for 3 seconds until the green indicator flashes once.					
Step 1. Hold a magnet close to R900 for 5 seconds. The green indicator flashes once.					
Step 2. Remove the magnet and get close to R900 in 5 seconds.					
Step 3. The green indicator flashes 5 times. R900 turns off.					
Step 1. Hold a magnet close to R900 for 10 seconds. The green indicator flashes once					
every 5 seconds.					
Step 2. Remove the magnet and get close to R900 in 5 seconds.					
Step 3. The green indicator flashes 20 times. R900 is factory reset and off.					

Note:

- a. Remove and insert the battery; the device is off by default.
- b. 5 seconds after powering on, the device will be in engineering test mode.
- c. The on/off interval should be about 10 seconds to avoid the interference of capacitor inductance and other energy storage components.
- d. After the batteries are removed, the device can still operate for a while until the power supported by the supercapacitor runs out.

Join a Network

	Turn on the device to search the network.				
First time joining the network	The green indicator stays on for 5 seconds: Success				
	The green indicator remains off: Fail				
Had joined the network before	Turn on the device to search the network.				
(Device is not factory reset.)	The green indicator stays on for 5 seconds: Success				
,	The green indicator remains off: Fail				
	(1) Please turn off the device and remove the batteries to save power.				
Fail to join the network	(2) Please check the device verification information on the gateway or consult your				
	platform server provider.				

Function key

	Device is in the network
	The green indicator flashes once. After sampling is completed, the device reports a data
Short press	packet.
	Device is not in the network
	The green indicator remains off.

Note: The function key does not work during sampling.

Magnetic switch

	Device is in the network
	The green indicator flashes once. After sampling is completed, the device reports a data
Move magnet close to the switch	packet.
and remove it	
	<u>Device is not in the network</u>
	The green indicator remains off.

Sleep Mode

	Sleeping period: Min Interval.
The device is on and in the network.	When the reportchange exceeds the setting value or the state changes: send a data
and in the network.	report based on the Min Interval.

Low Voltage Alarm

Low voltage	3.2V

Note: To ensure the accuracy of data, please replace the battery when it drops to low voltage.

5. Data Report

35 seconds after the device is powered on, it will send a version packet and data, including distance, material level percentage, and battery voltage.

Default setting:

Min Interval = 0x0708 (1800s)

Max Interval = 0x0708 (1800s) // should not be less than 30 seconds

Distance change = 0x012C (300mm)

Fill Max Distance = 0x1388 (5000mm)

Note: a. If no configuration is done, the device sends data based on the default settings.

b. Please refer to Netvox LoRaWAN Application Command document and Netvox Lora Command Resolver http://www.netvox.com.cn:8888/cmddoc to resolve uplink data.

Data report configuration and sending period are as follows:

Min Interval (unit: second)	Max Interval (unit: second)	Reportable Change	Current Change ≥ Reportable Change	Current Change < Reportable Change
Any number between 30 to 65535	Any number between Min time to 65535	Cannot be 0	Report per Min Interval	Report per Max Interval

5.1 Example of ReportDataCmd

FPort: 0x16

Bytes	s 1 2		1	Var (length based on the payload)
	Version Device Type		Report Type	Netvox PayLoad Data

Version – 1 bytes – 0x03——the Version of Netvox LoRaWAN Application Command Version

Device Type – 2 bytes – Device Type of Device

The devicetype is listed in Netvox LoRaWAN Application Devicetype V3.0. doc.

Report Type – 1 byte – the presentation of the Netvox PayLoad Data, according to the device type

Netvox PayLoad Data – Var bytes (length based on the payload)

Tips

1. Battery Voltage

The voltage value is bit 0 – bit 6, bit 7=0 is normal voltage, and bit 7=1 is low voltage.

Battery=0xA0, binary= 1010 0000, if bit 7= 1, it means low voltage.

The actual voltage is $0010\ 0000\ (BIN) = 0x20\ (HEX) = 32\ (DEC),\ 32*0.1v = 3.2v.$

2. Version Packet

When Report Type = 0x00 is the version packet, such as $030127\underline{00}0A02\underline{20251028}$, the firmware version is 2025.10.28.

3. Data Packet

When Report Type=0x01 is the data packet.

Device	Device Type	Report Type	Netvox PayLoad Data					
R900PB 06AO1	0x0127	0x01	Battery (1 Byte) unit: 0.1V	Status (1Byte) 0x01_On 0x00_Off	Distance (2 Bytes, unit: 1mm)	Fill Level (1 Byte, unit: 1%)	ThresholdAlarm (1 Byte) Bit0_Low Distance Alarm, Bit1_High Distance Alarm, Bit2_ Low FillLevel Alarm, Bit3_ High FillLevel Alarm, Bit4-7: Reserved	Shock Tamper Alarm (1 Byte) 0x00_No Alarm, 0x01_Alarm

Example of Uplink: 03012701240001685C0000

1st Byte (03): Version

2nd 3rd Byte (0127): Device Type—R900PB06AO1

4th (01): Report Type

5th Byte (24): Battery -3.6V 24 (Hex) = 36 (Dec), 36* 0.1v = 3.6V

6th Byte (00): Status – off

 $7^{th} - 8^{th}$ (0168): Distance – 360mm 0168 (Hex) = 360 (Dec), 360* 1mm = 360mm

9th Byte (5C): Fill Level – 92% 5C (Hex) = 92 (Dec), 92*1% = 92%

10th Byte (00): Threshold Alarm –no alarm

11th Byte (00): Shock Tamper Alarm – no alarm

Note:

- a. When the device is used for water level detection or waste fill level detection, the detected distance (Distance) and the percentage of water level or garbage (FillLevel) are reported. The parking status (Status) = 0x00 (off) by default.
- b. When the device is used for parking space detection, it will report the detected distance (Distance) and the parking status (Status). The FillLevel = 0x00 by default.

5.2 Example of Configure Cmd

FPort: 0x17

Bytes	1	2	Var (length based on the payload)		
	Cmd ID	Device Type	Netvox PayLoad Data		

Cmd ID – 1 byte

Device Type – 2 bytes – Device Type of Device

The device type is listed in Netvox LoRaWAN Application Devicetype3.0.doc

Netvox PayLoad Data – Var bytes (length based on the payload)

Description	Device	Cmd ID	Device Type		Netvox PayLoad Data			
Config Report Req		0x01		Min Time (2 Bytes, unit: s)	Max Time (2 Bytes, unit: s)	Distance Change (2 Bytes, unit: 1mm)		
Config Report Rsp		0x81			Status (0x00_success)			
Read Config Report Req		0x02						
Read Config Report Rsp		0x82		Min Time (2 Bytes, unit: s)	Max Time (2 Bytes, unit: s)	Distance Change (2 Bytes, unit: 1mm)		
Set Shock Sensor Sensitivity Req		0x03		Sho	ock Sensor Sensitivity (1 B	yte)		
Set Shock Sensor Sensitivity Rsp	DOCORD	0x83			Status (0x00_success)			
Get Shock Sensor Sensitivity Req	R900PB 06AO1	0x0110 0x04 0x84						
Get Shock Sensor Sensitivity Rsp				Sho	ock Sensor Sensitivity (1 B	yte)		
Set On Distance Threshold Rreq	0x05 On Distance Threshold (2 Bytes, unit:1m			nit:1mm)				
Set On Distance Threshold Rrsp		0x85		Status (0x00_success)				
Get On Distance Threshold Rreq		0x06						

Get On Distance Threshold	0x86	Oi	n Distance Thresl	hold (2 Bytes, unit:1mm)				
Rrsp								
Set Fill Max Distance Req	0x07		Fill Max Distanc	e (2 Bytes, unit:1mm)				
Set Fill Max Distance Rsp	0x87	Status (0x00_success)						
Get Fill Max Distance Req	0x08							
Get Fill Max Distance Rsp	0x88		Fill Max Distanc	ee (2 Bytes, unit:1mm)				
Set Dead Zone Distance Req (REMAIN Last config when reset fac)	0x09	Γ	Dead Zone Distan	ce (2 Bytes, unit:1mm)				
Set Dead Zone Distance Rsp (REMAIN Last config when reset fac)	0x89	Status (0x00_success)						
Get Dead Zone Distance Req	0x0A							
Get Dead Zone Distance Rsp	0x8A	Γ	Dead Zone Distan	ce (2 Bytes, unit:1mm)				
Config Digital Out Put Req	0x0B	Digital Out Put Type (1 Byte) 0x00_Normally Low Level 0x01_Normally High Level	Out Pulse Time (1 Byte, unit: s)	Bind Alarm Source (1 Byte) Bit0_Low Distance Alarm Bit1_High Distance Alarm Bit2_Low Fill Level Alarm Bit3_ High Fill Level Alarm Bit4-7: Reserved	Channel (1 Byte) 0x00_Channe 11 0x01_Channe 12			
Config Digital Out Put Rsp	0x8B	Status (0x00_success)						

Read Config Digital Out Put Req	0x0C	Channel (1 Byte) 0x00_Channel 1; 0x01_Channel 2					
Read Config Digital Out Put Rsp	0x8C	Digital Out Put Type (1 Byte) 0x00_Normally Low Level 0x01_Normally High Level	Out Pulse Time (1 Byte, unit: s)	Bind Alarm Source (1 Byte) Bit0_Low Distance Alarm Bit1_High Distance Alarm Bit2_Low Fill Level Alarm Bit3_ High Fill Level Alarm Bit4-7: Reserved	Channel (1 Byte) 0x00_Channel 1 0x01_Channel 2		
Trigger Digital Out Put Req	0x0D	Out Pulse Time (1	Byte, unit: s)	Channel (1) 0x00_Channel 1; 0x	•		
Trigger Digital Out Put Rsp	0x8D	Status (0x00_success)					

(1) Configure device parameters

MinTime = 0x003C (60s), MaxTime = 0x003C (60s), Distance Change = 0x012C (300mm)

Downlink: 010127<u>003C003C012C</u>

Response: 81012700 (configuration success)

81012701 (configuration fail)

Read device parameters

Downlink: 020110

Response: 820127003C003C012C (device's current parameters)

(2) Configure Shock Sensor Sensitivity = 0x14 (20)

Downlink: 030127<u>14</u>

Response: 83012700 (configuration success)

83012701 (configuration fail)

Note: Shock Sensor Sensitivity range = 0x01 to 0x14

0xFF (disables vibration sensor)

Read Shock Sensor Sensitivity

Downlink: 040127

Response: 84012714 (device's current parameters)

(3) Configure Fill Max Distance = 0x1388 (5000mm)

Downlink: 070127<u>1388</u>

Response: 87012700 (configuration success)

87012701 (configuration fail)

Note: Fill Max Distance and On Distance Threshold are reset to default when R900 is factory reset.

Read Fill Max Distance

Downlink: 080127

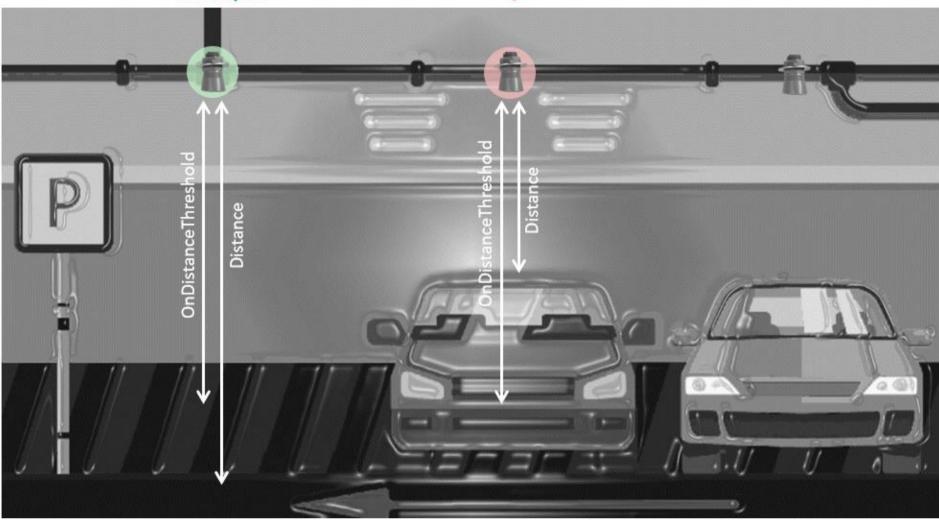
Response: 8801271388 (device's current parameters)

Switching modes

Modes can be switched from water level detection to parking space detection by configuring Fill Max Distance and On Distance Threshold.

- For parking space detection, set Fill Max Distance = 0x0000 (0mm) first, and set the desired value for On Distance Threshold.
- For water level detection, set On Distance Threshold to 0x0000 (0mm), then set the value for Fill Max Distance.





(4) For parking space detection, configure Fill Max Distance = 0x0000 (0mm)

Downlink: 070127<u>0000</u>

Response: 87012700 (configuration success)

87012701 (configuration fail)

Read Fill Max Distance

Downlink: 080127

Response: 8801270000 (device's current parameters)

Set On Distance Threshold = 0x01F4 (500mm)

Downlink: 05012701F4

Response: 85012700 (configuration success)

85012701 (configuration fail)

Read On Distance Threshold

Downlink: 060127

Response: 86012701F4 (device's current parameters)

Note: When Distance \leq On Distance Threshold, the Status =0x01 (space occupied). To ensure accuracy, the On Distance Threshold should be set lower than the Distance when the parking space is empty.

(5) Set Dead Zone Distance = 0x00FA (250mm)

Downlink: 090127<u>00FA</u>

Response: 89012700 (configuration success)

89012701 (configuration fail)

Read Dead Zone Distance

Downlink: 0A0127

Response: 8A012700FA (device's current parameters)

(6) Configure Digital Out Put Type = 0x00 (Normally Low Level),

Out Pulse Time = 0xFF (disable pulse duration),

Bind Alarm Source = $0x02 = 0000 \ 0010 \ (BIN)$ Bit1_High Distance Alarm =1

(when High Distance Alarm is triggered, DO outputs signals)

Channel = 0x00_Channel 1

Downlink: 0B012700FF0200

Response: 8B012700 (configuration success)

8B012701 (configuration fail)

Read DO parameters

Downlink: 0C012700

Response: 8C012700FF0200 (device's current parameters)

Configure Out Pulse Time = 0x0A (10 seconds)

Downlink: 0D0127<u>0A</u>00

Response: 8D012700 (configuration success)

5.3 Example of Set Sensor Alarm Threshold Cmd

FPort: 0x10

Cmd Descriptor	Cmd ID (1 Byte)		Payload (10 Bytes)						
Set Sensor Alarm Threshold Req	0x01	Channel (1 Byte) 0x00_Channel1, 0x01_Chanel2, 0x02_Channel3, etc.	Sensor Type (1 Byte) 0x00_Disable ALL 0x2F_ Distance, 0x30_ Fill Level	SensorHighThreshold (4 Bytes) unit: Distance – 1mm FillLevel – 1%	SensorLowThreshold (4 Bytes) unit: Distance – 1mm FillLevel – 1%				
Set Sensor Alarm Threshold Rsp	0x81	Status (1 Byte) 0x00_success	Reserved (9 Bytes, Fixed 0x00)						
Get Sensor Alarm Threshold Req	0x02	Channel (1 Byte) 0x00_Channel1, 0x01_Chanel2, 0x02_Channel3, etc.	Sensor Type (1 Byte) 0x00_Disable ALL 0x2F_ Distance, 0x30_ FillLevel	Reserved (8 Bytes) Fixed 0x00					
Get Sensor Alarm Threshold Rsp	0x82	Channel (1 Byte) 0x00_Channel1, 0x01_Chanel2, 0x02_Channel3, etc.	Sensor Type (1Byte) 0x2F_ Distance 0x30_ Fill Level	SensorHighThreshold (4 Bytes) unit: Distance – 1mm FillLevel – 1%	SensorLowThreshold (4 Bytes) unit: Distance – 1mm FillLevel – 1%				

Note: a. Set Sensor High / Low Threshold as 0xFFFFFFF to disable threshold.

b. The last configuration will be saved when the device is reset to factory setting.

Distance Sensor Type: 0x2F

Fill Level Sensor Type: 0x30

Channel: 0x00

(1) Configure parameters

Channel = 0x00, Sensor Type = 0x2F (Distance),

Sensor High Threshold = 0x000003E8 (1000mm), Sensor Low Threshold = 0x000001F4 (500mm)

(2) Get Sensor Alarm Threshold Req

Response: 82002F000003E8000001F4 (device's current parameters)

(3) Clear all thresholds (Sensor Type = 0x00)

5.4 Example of Global Calibrate Cmd

FPort: 0x0E

Description	Cmd ID	Sensor Type	PayLoad (Fix = 9 Bytes)						
Set Global Calibrate Req	0x01	0x36_Distance Sensor	Channel (1 Byte) 0_Channel 1 1_Channel 2, etc.	Multiplier (2 Bytes) Unsigned	Divisor (2 Bytes) Unsigned	Delt Value (2 Bytes) Signed	Reserved (2 Bytes) Fixed 0x00		
Set Global Calibrate Rsp	0x81		Channel (1 Byte) 0_Channel 1 1_Channel 2, etc.	Status (1 Byte) 0x00_success		Reserved (7 Bytes) Fixed 0x00			
Get Global Calibrate Req	0x02		Channel (1 Byte) 0_Channel 1 1_Channel 2, etc.		Reserved (8 Bytes) Fixed 0x00				
Get Global Calibrate Rsp	0x82		Channel (1 Byte) 0_Channel 1 1_Channel 2, etc.	Multiplier (2 Bytes) Unsigned	Divisor Delt Value Reserved (2 Bytes) (2 Bytes) (2 Bytes) Unsigned Signed Fixed 0x00				
Clear Global Calibrate Req	0x03			Reserved (10 Bytes) Fixed 0x00					
Clear Global Calibrate Rsp	0x83	Status (1 Byte) 0x00_success	Reserved (9 Bytes) Fixed 0x00						

Distance: SensorType -0x36; Channel -0x00

(1) Set Global Calibrate Req

Calibrate distance by increasing 200mm

Channel: 0x00 (channel1); Multiplier: 0x0001 (1); Divisor: 0x0001 (1); DeltValue: 0x00C8 (200)

Downlink: 013600<u>0001000100C8</u>0000

Response: 81360000000000000000000 (configuration success)

81360001000000000000000 (configuration fail)

(2) Read parameters

Response: 8236000001000100C80000 (configuration success)

(3) Clear Global Calibrate Req

5.5 Example of Netvox LoRaWAN Rejoin

Fport:0x20

Check if the device is connected to the network during Rejoin Check Period. If the device does not respond within the Rejoin Threshold, it will be rejoined back to the network automatically.

Cmd Descriptor	Cmd ID (1 Byte)		Payload (Var Bytes)					
Set Netvox LoRaWAN Rejoin Req	0x01	Rejoin Check Period (4 Bytes) unit: 1s 0x FFFFFFF_Disable Netvox Rejoin Function				Rejoin Threshold (1 Byte)		
Set Netvox LoRaWAN Rejoin Rsp	0x81	Status (1 Byte) Reserved (4 Byte Fixed 0x00			es)			
Get Netvox LoRaWAN Rejoin Req	0x02		Reserved (5 Bytes) Fixed 0x00					
Get Netvox LoRaWAN Rejoin Rsp	0x82	0x F	Rejoin Check Period (4 Bytes) unit: 1s 0x FFFFFFF_Disable Netvox Rejoin Function				Rejoin Threshold (1 Byte)	
Set Netvox LoRaWAN Rejoin Time Req	0x03	1 st Rejoin Time (2 Bytes) unit:1 min	2 nd Rejoin Time (2 Bytes) unit: 1 min	3 rd Rejoin Time (2 Bytes) unit: 1 min	4 th Rejoin Time (2 Bytes) unit: 1 min	5 th Rejoin Time (2 Bytes) unit: 1 min	6 th Rejoin Time (2 Bytes) unit: 1 min	7 th Rejoin Time (2 Bytes) unit: 1 min
Set Netvox LoRaWAN Rejoin Time Rsp	0x83	(1 E	Status (1 Byte) 0x00_success Reserved (13 Bytes) Fixed 0x00				0x00	
Get Netvox LoRaWAN Rejoin Time Req	0x04	Reserved (15 Bytes) Fixed 0x00						
Get Netvox LoRaWAN Rejoin Time Rsp	0x84	1 st Rejoin Time (2 Bytes) unit:1 min	2 nd Rejoin Time (2 Bytes) unit: 1 min	3 rd Rejoin Time (2 Bytes) unit: 1 min	4 th Rejoin Time (2 Bytes) unit: 1 min	5 th Rejoin Time (2 Bytes) unit: 1 min	6 th Rejoin Time (2 Bytes) unit: 1 min	7 th Rejoin Time (2 Bytes) unit: 1 min

Note:

- a. Set RejoinCheckThreshold as 0xFFFFFFFF to stop the device from rejoining the network.
- b. The last configuration would be kept when the device is factory reset.
- c. Default setting:

```
RejoinCheckPeriod = 2 (hr) and RejoinThreshold = 3 (times)

1^{st} Rejoin Time = 0x0001 (1 min), 2^{nd} Rejoin Time = 0x0002 (2 mins), 3^{rd} Rejoin Time = 0x0003 (3 mins),

4^{th} Rejoin Time = 0x0004 (4 mins), 5^{th} Rejoin Time = 0x003C (60 mins), 6^{th} Rejoin Time = 0x0168 (360 mins),

7^{th} Rejoin Time = 0x05A0 (1440 mins)
```

d. If device loses connection from network before data are reported, the data will be saved and reported every 30 seconds after the device is reconnected. Data will be reported based on the format of Payload + Unix timestamp. After all data are reported, the report time will be back to the normal setting.

(1) Command Configuration

```
Set Rejoin Check Period = 0x00000E10 (3600s), Rejoin Threshold = 0x03 (3 times)
```

Downlink: 010000<u>0E1003</u>

Response: 81000000000 (Configuration success) 810100000000 (Configuration failure)

(2) Read Rejoin Check Period and Rejoin Threshold

Downlink: 020000000000 Response: 8200000E1003

(3) Configure Rejoin Time

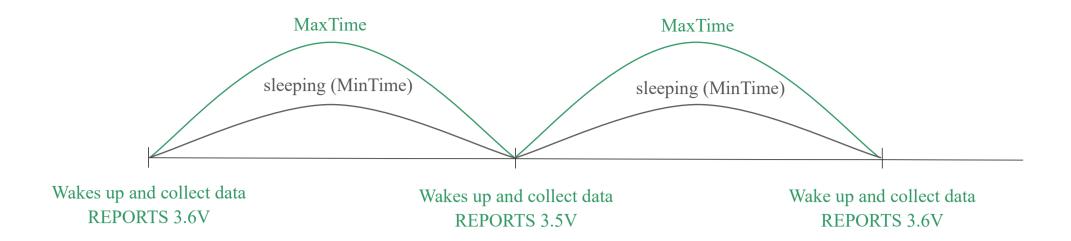
```
1^{st} Rejoin Time = 0x0001 (1 min), 2^{nd} Rejoin Time = 0x0002 (2 mins), 3^{rd} Rejoin Time = 0x0003 (3 mins), 4^{th} Rejoin Time = 0x0004 (4 mins), 5^{th} Rejoin Time = 0x0005 (5 mins), 6^{th} Rejoin Time = 0x0006 (6 mins), 7^{th} Rejoin Time = 0x0007 (7 mins)
```

Downlink: 030001000200030004000500060007

(4) Read Rejoin Time parameter

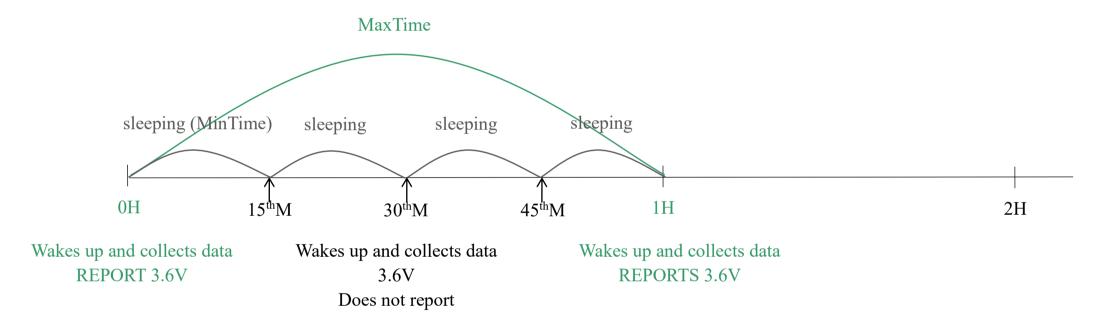
5.6 Example for MinTime / MaxTime Logic

Example#1 based on MinTime = 1 Hour, MaxTime = 1 Hour, Reportable Change i.e. Battery Voltage Change = 0.1V

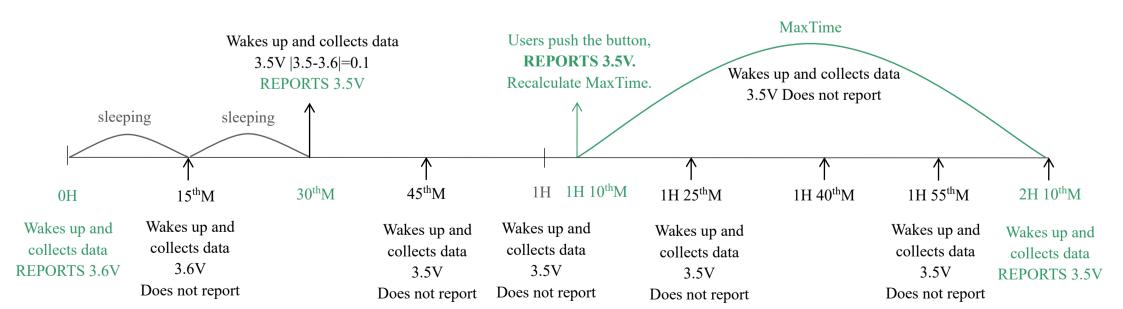


Note: MaxTime = MinTime. Data will only be reported according to MaxTime (MinTime) duration regardless BatteryVoltageChange value.

Example#2 based on MinTime = 15 Minutes, MaxTime= 1 Hour, Reportable Change i.e. Battery Voltage Change= 0.1V.



Example#3 based on MinTime = 15 Minutes, MaxTime= 1 Hour, Reportable Change i.e. Battery Voltage Change= 0.1V.



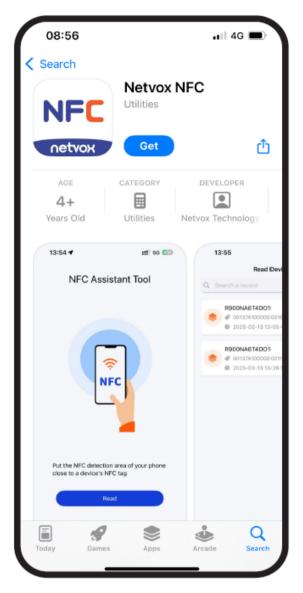
Notes:

- a. The device only wakes up and performs data sampling according to Min Time Interval. When it is sleeping, it does not collect data.
- b. The data collected is compared with the last data <u>reported</u>. If the data variation is greater than the Reportable Change value, the device reports according to Min Time interval. If the data variation is not greater than the last data reported, the device reports according to Max Time interval.
- c. We do not recommend setting the Min Time Interval value too low. If the Min Time Interval is too low, the device wakes up frequently and the battery will be drained soon.
- d. Whenever the device sends a report, no matter resulting from data variation, button pushed or Max Time interval, another cycle of Min Time/ MaxTime calculation is started.

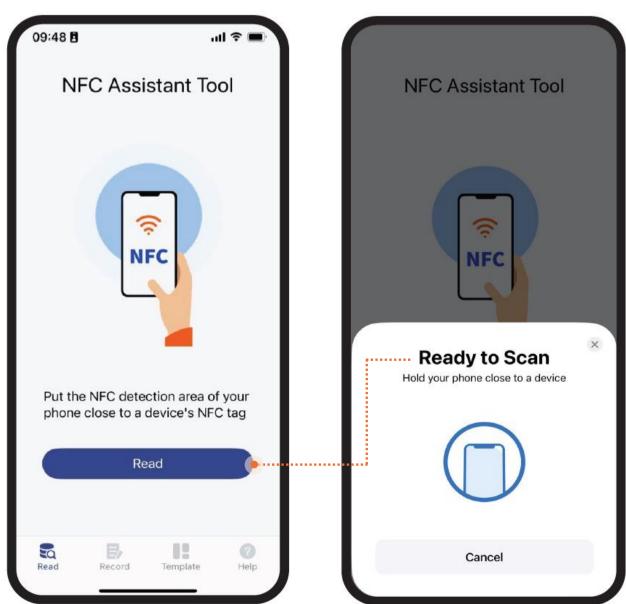
6. Read R900 Data on NFC App

(1) Download Netvox NFC app.

Please make sure your phone supports NFC.



(2) Enable NFC in Settings and find your phone's NFC area. Open the app and click Read.

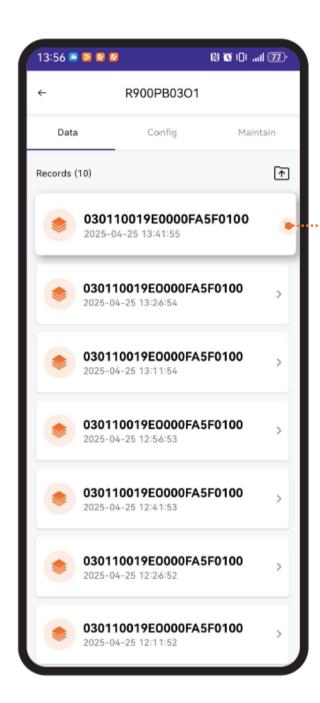


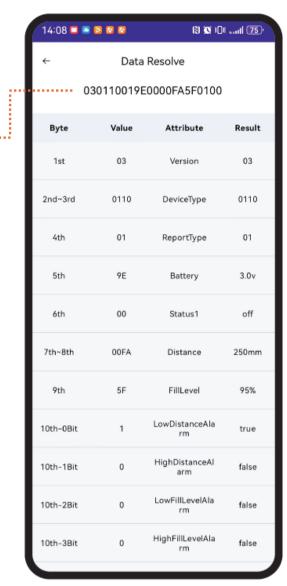
(3) Hold your phone near R900's NFC tag.





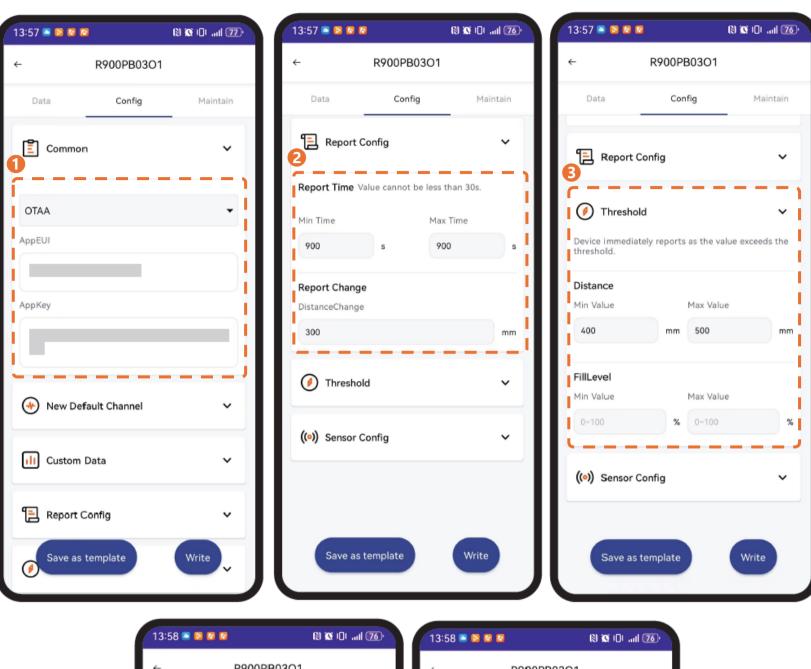
(4) After R900 is successfully read, the latest 10 data will be displayed. Select a data and go to the Data processing.

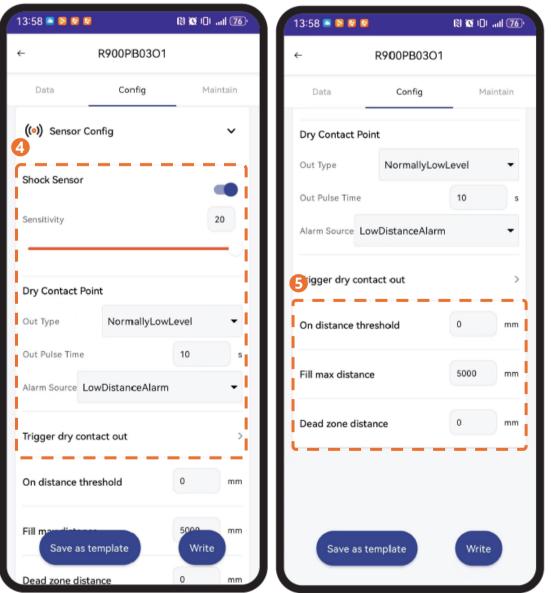




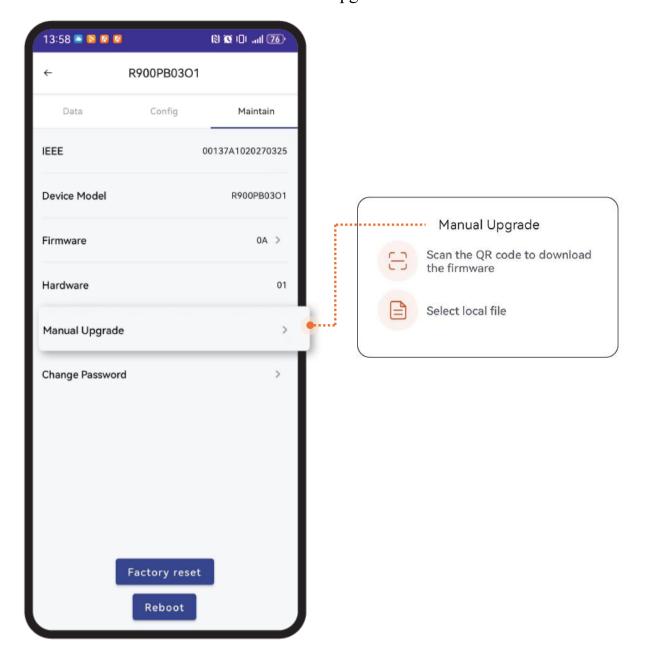


- (5) Click Config to edit R900's settings, including network connection, report configuration, threshold, sensor parameters, and distance configuration.
 - Note: a. To configure device parameters, users need to enter password: 12345678 (default).
 - b. Password can be changed on the app and reset to default when R900 is factory reset.
 - c. Please reboot the device if the parameters of network connection are configured.





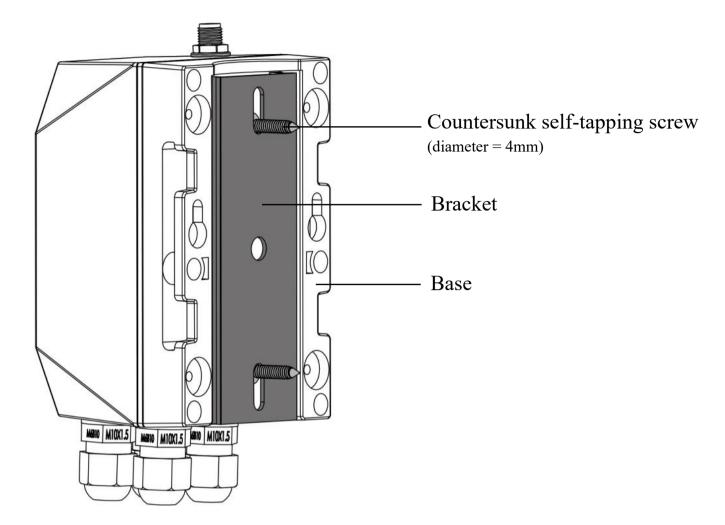
(6) Click Maintain to check R900PB06AO1's info and available upgrade.



7. Installation

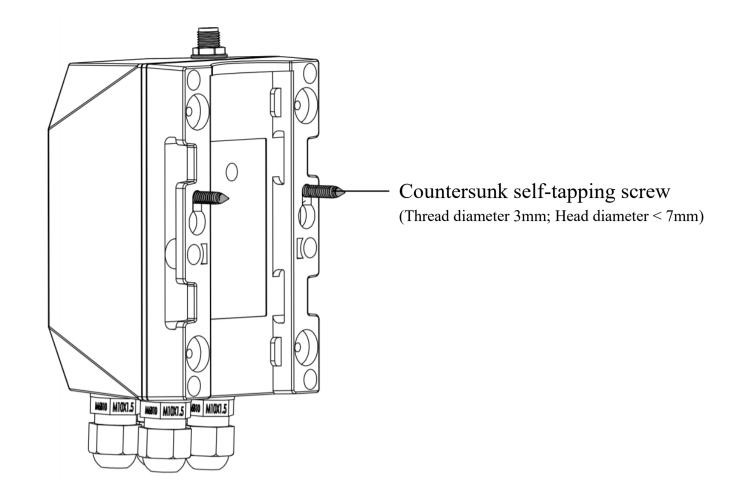
R900

- Standard
- (1) Screws + Bracket



- 1 Mount the bracket on a surface with 2 counter self-tapping screws.
- 2 Hold R900 and slide down to connect the base and bracket.

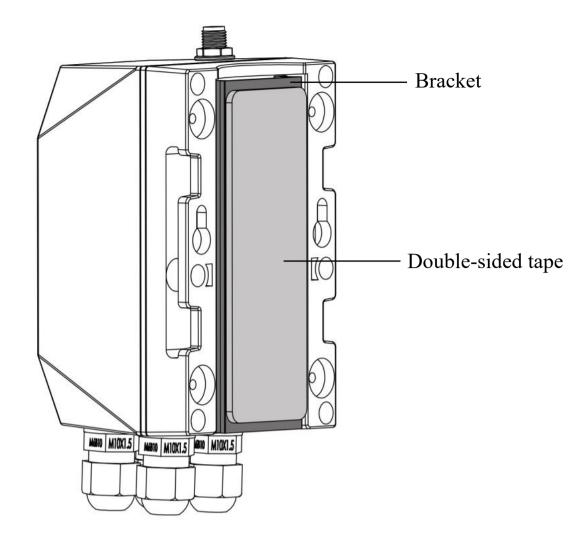
(2) Screws



- 1 Mount 2 countersunk self-tapping screws or expansion bolts on the wall.

 The distance between the two screws should be 48.5mm. The gap between the bottom of the screw head and the wall should be 3mm.
- 2 After the screws are mounted, align the holes of the base with the screws.
- 3 Move R900 down to clamp it.

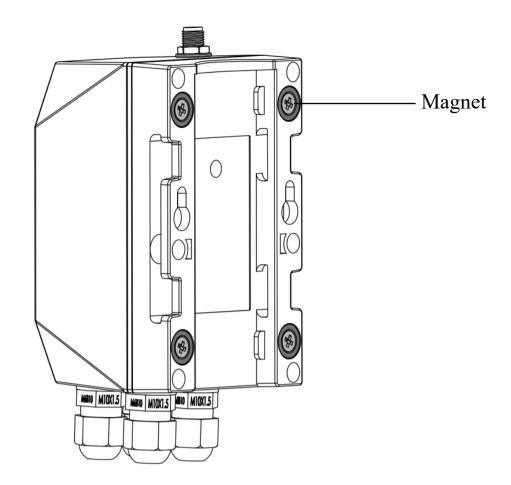
(3) Double-Sided Tape



- 1 Stick the double-sided tape on the bracket.
- 2 Peel the liner and fix R900 on the surface.
- 3 Press to ensure R900 is firmly installed.

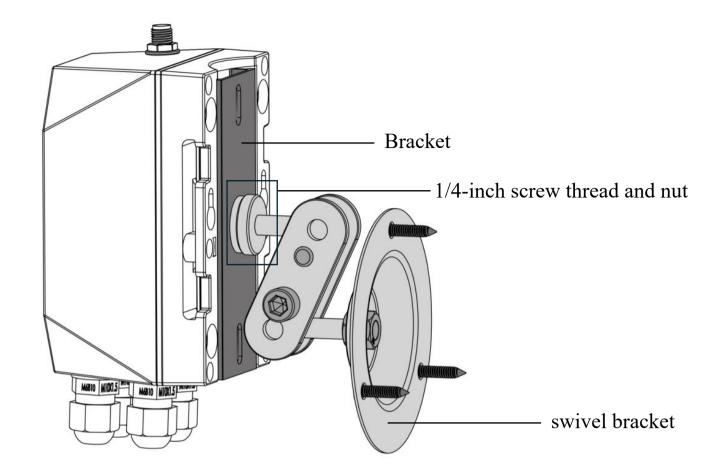
Note: Please make sure the surface is clean and dry before applying double-sided tape.

- Optional
- (1) Magnet



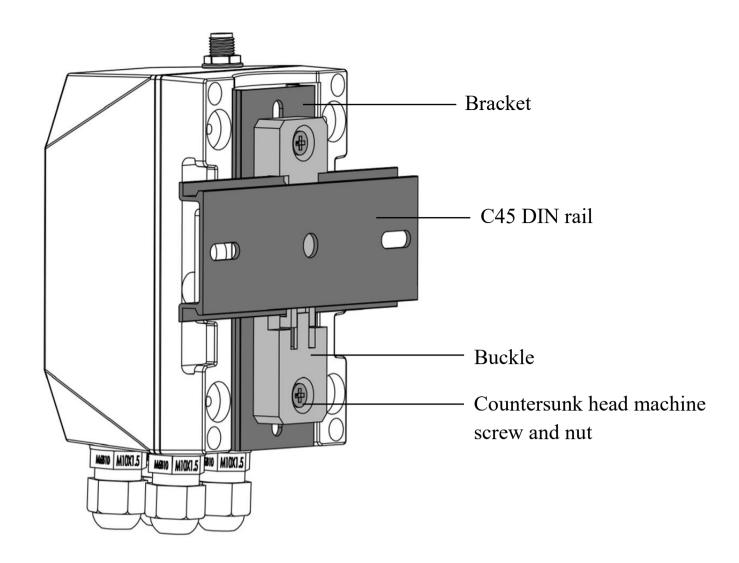
1 Fix the R900 on a metal surface.

(2) Swivel Bracket



- 1 Insert a 1/4-inch screw thread into the hole of the bracket.
- 2 Tighten the thread with a nut.
- 3 Mount the swivel bracket with self-tapping screws and expansion bolts.
- 4 Hold R900 and slide down to connect the base and bracket.

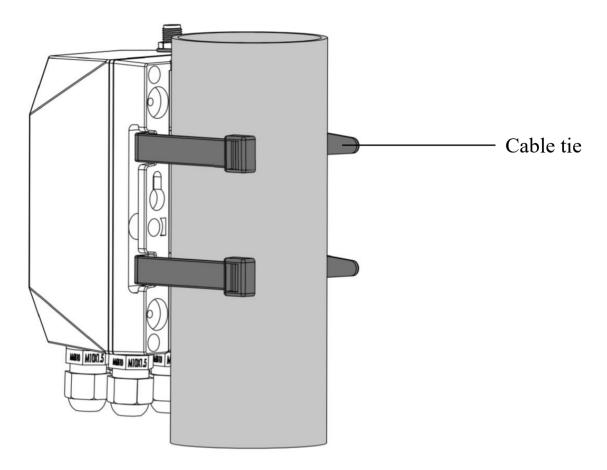
(3) DIN Rail



- 1 Mount the rail buckle onto R900's bracket with countersunk head machine screws and nuts.
- 2 Snap the buckle onto the DIN rail.
- 3 Hold R900 and slide down to connect the base and bracket.

• Prepared by customers

(1) Cable Tie



- 1 Insert cable ties through the holes of the base.
- 2 Insert the pointed end through the slot.
- 3 Tighten the cable ties and make sure R900 is fixed firmly around a column.

Ultrasonic Sensor

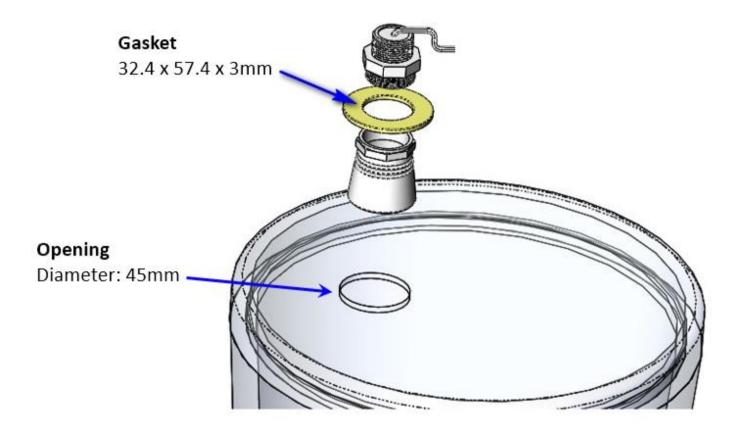
Detecting range: 250mm – 8000mm

Detection angle: About 15°

Install in a container

1 Make an opening of approximately 45mm at the top of the container.

2 Insert the lower part of the probe, along with the gasket, into the hole and secure it.

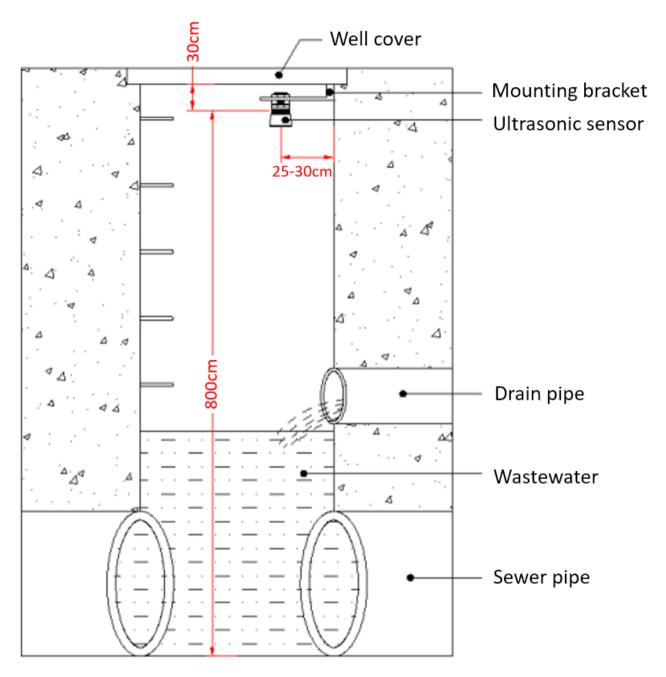


Installation Precautions:

- Please do not install the probe directly above areas where the liquid surface fluctuates violently, such as near water inlets and outlets, or where foam and floating debris tend to accumulate.
- Ensure there are no obstacles within the sensing area. For example, when installing in a well, please avoid placing the probe near ladders, inlet/outlet pipes, or similar structures.
- Please install the sensor as far as possible from equipment that generates strong electromagnetic interference.
- The ultrasonic probe should be mounted perpendicular to the surface of the measured object and secured firmly. A tilted or unstable probe could affect accuracy.

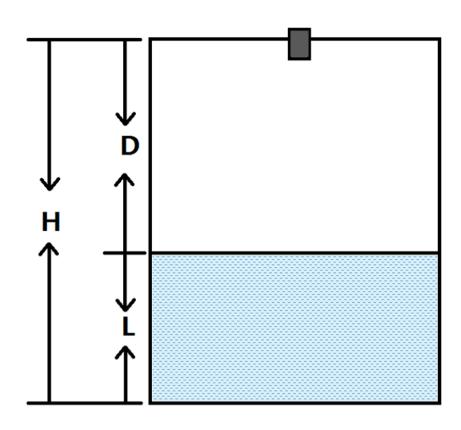
Install in a well

- Choose the flattest side of the well wall as the mounting surface. Install the sensor away from protruding objects on the wall such as steps.
- 2 The ideal distance between the sensor and the wall on the same side is 25 cm to 30 cm, and the distance from the sensor to the well cover should not exceed 30cm. Once installed and secured, the sensor should be perpendicular to the water surface and parallel to the wall.



Usage Precautions:

- Please keep the surface of the probe as clean as possible. Do not cover the ultrasonic sensor.
- If the probe becomes dirty, clean it with a soft damp cloth to avoid scratching the surface.
- Please do not use the sensor in environments with strong acids, strong alkalis, or other highly corrosive substances.
- Please keep the probe still and make sure it is protected from potential impacts.
- If the sensor is for outdoor applications, protection from lightning strikes should be considered.
- Please ensure a stable voltage supply during the operation of the sensor.
- When using the sensor for measurement of horizontal distance, the sensor must be installed at a height of at least 30 cm above the ground. (If the ground is uneven, the height should be greater than 30 cm.)



▼ When Dead Zone Distance = 0mm

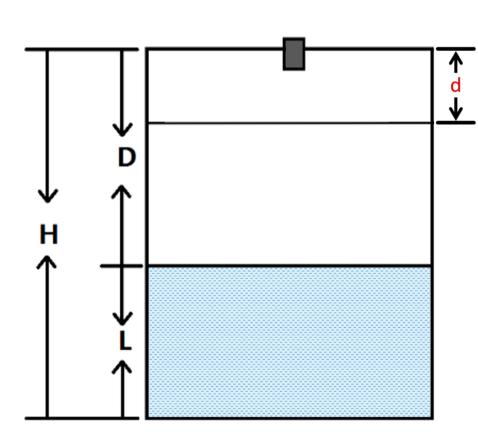
H (Fill Max Distance): the height of the water tank

D (Distance): the distance between the sensor and the water

L: water level = H - D

Fill Level: the percentage of the water level in the tank

$$FillLevel = \frac{(H - D)}{H} \times 100\%$$



▼ When Dead Zone Distance is set

D (Dead Zone Distance): the distance that the sensor cannot detect

Fill Level: the percentage of the water level in the tank

$$FillLevel = \frac{(H - D)}{(H - d)} \times 100\%$$

For parking occupancy detection:

It only reports the measured distance (Distance) and parking status (Status).

- Status ON = A vehicle is present
- Status OFF = No vehicle is present

Fill Level is not reported and is fixed at 0 by default.

Please note: Since Status is reported as ON when Distance ≤ On Distance Threshold, it is recommended to set On Distance

Threshold to a value smaller than the Distance measured when no vehicle is present.

8. Battery Passivation

Many Netvox devices are powered by 3.6V ER14505 / ER18505 Li-SOC12 (lithium-thionyl chloride) batteries that offer many advantages including low self-discharge rate and high energy density. However, primary lithium batteries like Li-SOC12 batteries will form a passivation layer as a reaction between the lithium anode and thionyl chloride if they are in storage for a long time or if the storage temperature is too high. This lithium chloride layer prevents rapid self-discharge caused by continuous reactions between lithium and thionyl chloride, but battery passivation may also lead to voltage delay when the batteries are put into operation, and our devices may not work correctly in this situation.

As a result, please make sure to purchase batteries from reliable vendors, and it is suggested that if the storage period is more than one month from the date of battery production, all the batteries should be activated. If encountering the situation of battery passivation, please activate the battery with 67Ω load resistance for 8 minutes to eliminate hysteresis in batteries.

R900 Assembly Precautions:

Disassembly and reassembly are only required when the user installs a new battery. In other cases, please do not disassemble.

During the process of battery installation, do not touch the waterproof sealing strip, waterproof fixing head, etc. After the battery installation is completed, the enclosure screws must be assembled using an electric screwdriver with torque set to 4 kgf. (If no electric screwdriver is available, please use a cross screwdriver that matches the screws to tighten them, ensuring that the upper and lower covers are tightly assembled.) Otherwise, the airtightness after assembly may be affected.

When disassembling the device, it is recommended to first understand the internal structure of the device to avoid damage.

9. Important Maintenance Instructions

Kindly pay attention to the following to achieve the best maintenance of the product:

- Keep the device dry. Rain, moisture, or any liquid might contain minerals and thus corrode electronic circuits. If the device gets wet, please dry it completely.
- Do not use or store the device in a dusty or dirty environment. It might damage its detachable parts and electronic components.
- Do not store the device under extremely hot conditions. High temperatures can shorten the life of electronic devices, destroy batteries, and deform or melt some plastic parts.
- Do not store the device in places that are too cold. Otherwise, when the temperature rises, moisture that forms inside the device will damage the board.
- Do not throw, knock, or shake the device. Rough handling of equipment can destroy internal circuit boards and delicate structures.
- Do not clean the device with strong chemicals, detergents, or strong detergents.
- Do not apply the device with paint. Smudges might block the device and affect the operation.
- Do not throw the battery into the fire, or the battery will explode. Damaged batteries may also explode.

All of the above applies to your device, battery, and accessories. If any device is not operating properly, please take it to the nearest authorized service facility for repair