

**Wireless Push Button** 

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# R718TB User Manual

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### **1. Introduction**

R718TB is a wireless push button device.

When people encounter danger and need emergency help, press the emergency button.

R718TB will immediately send an alarm message to the gateway. R718TB is compatible with LoRaWAN. Protocol.

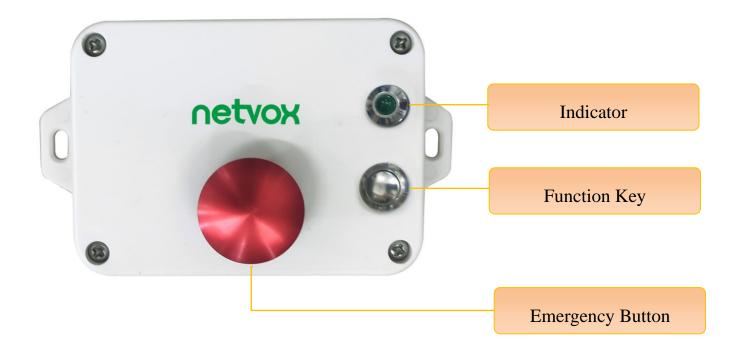
#### LoRa Wireless Technology:

LoRa is a wireless communication technology dedicated to long distance and low power consumption. Compared with other communication methods, LoRa spread spectrum modulation method greatly increases to expand the communication distance. Widely used in long-distance, low-data wireless communications. For example, automatic meter reading, building automation equipment, wireless security systems, industrial monitoring. Main features include small size, low power consumption, transmission distance, anti-interference ability and so on.

#### LoRaWAN:

LoRaWAN uses LoRa technology to define end-to-end standard specifications to ensure interoperability between devices and gateways from different manufacturers.

### 2. Appearance



## **3. Main Features**

- Apply SX1276 wireless communication module
- 2 ER14505 batteries AA size (3.6V / section) in parallel
- Press the emergency button to send a message
- The base is attached with a magnet that can be attached to a ferrous object
- Protection class IP65
- Compatible with LoRaWAN<sup>TM</sup> Class A
- Frequency hopping spread spectrum technology
- Configuration parameters can be configured through third-party software platforms, data can be read and alarms can be set via SMS text and email (optional)

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- Available third-party platform: Actility / ThingPark, TTN, MyDevices/Cayenne
- Low power consumption and long battery life

#### Battery Life:

- Please refer to web: http://www.netvox.com.tw/electric/electric\_calc.html
- At this website, users can find battery life time for variety models at different configurations.

1. Actual range may vary depending on environment.

2. Battery life is determined by sensor reporting frequency and other variables.

## **4. Set up Instruction**

## On/Off

Power on	Insert batteries. (The users may need a screwdriver to open.)				
Turn on	Press and hold the function key for 3 seconds till the green indicator flashes once.				
Turn off					
(Restore to factory setting)	Press and hold the function key for 5 second, and the green indicator flashes 20 times.				
Power off	Remove Batteries.				
	1. Remove and insert the battery; the device is at off state by default.				
Note:	2. On/off interval is suggested to be about 10 seconds to avoid the interference of capacitor				
note.	inductance and other energy storage components.				
	3. The first 5 seconds after power on, the device will be in engineering test mode.				

## **Network Joining**

	Turn on the device to search the network.
Never joined the network	The green indicator stays on for 5 seconds: success
	The green indicator remains off: fail
	Turn on the device to search the previous network.
Had joined the network	The green indicator stays on for 5 seconds: success
	The green indicator remains off: fail

## **Function Key**

	Restore to factory setting / Turn off
Press and hold for 5 seconds	The green indicator flashes 20 times: success
	The green indicator remains off: fail
<u>م</u>	The device is in the network: green indicator flashes once and sends a report
Press once	The device is not in the network: green indicator remains off
Short press the emergency The device is in the network: green indicator flashes once and sends an alarm report	
button.	The device is not in the network: green indicator remains off

## **Sleeping Mode**

The device is on and in the	Sleeping period: Min Interval.
	When the reportchange exceeds setting value or the state changes: send a data report according to
lietwork	Min Interval.

## Low Voltage Warning

Low Voltage	3.2V
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## 5. Data Report

When the device is powered on, it will immediately send a version package Report and the report data with the voltage.

The device sends data in the default configuration before any configuration is done.

#### **Default setting:**

MaxTime: Max Interval = 60 min = 3600s

MinTime: Max Interval = 60 min = 3600 s

BatteryChange = 0x01 (Unit: 0.1v)

#### Note:

(1) By default, it will detect the current voltage every Min Interval.

If there is special customization, the settings will be changed according to customer's requirements.

- (2) The device report interval will be programmed based on the default firmware which may vary.
- (3) The interval between two reports must be the minimum time.
- (4) Please refer Netvox LoRaWAN Application Command document and Netvox Lora Command Resolver

http://cmddoc.netvoxcloud.com/cmddoc to resolve uplink data.

Data report configuration and sending period are as following:

Min Interval	Max Interval	Demontable Change	Current Change≥	Current Change <
(Unit:second)	(Unit:second)	Reportable Change	Reportable Change	Reportable Change
Any number between	Any number between		Report	Report
1~65535	1~65535	Can not be 0.	per Min Interval	per Max Interval

#### **5.1 Example of ReportDataCmd**

#### FPort: 0x06

Bytes	1	1	1	Var(Fix=8 Bytes)
	Version	DeviceType	ReportType	NetvoxPayLoadData

**Version**– 1 byte –0x01——the Version of NetvoxLoRaWAN Application Command Version

**DeviceType**-1 byte – Device Type of Device

The devicetype is listed in Netvox LoRaWAN Application Devicetype doc

**ReportType** – 1 byte –the presentation of the NetvoxPayLoadData, according the devicetype

**NetvoxPayLoadData**– Fixed bytes (Fixed =8bytes)

Device	Device Type	ReportType	NetvoxPayLoadData		
R718TB	0x31	0x01	Battery	Alarm(1Byte)	Reserved
K/101D	0431	0401	(1Byte, unit:0.1V)	0:noalarm 1:alarm)	(6Bytes,fixed 0x00)

Example of Uplink: 013101240100000000000

1<sup>st</sup> byte (01): Version

 $2^{nd}$  byte (31): DeviceType 0x31 - R718T(R718TB)

3<sup>rd</sup> byte (01): ReportType

4<sup>th</sup> byte (24): Battery -3.6v , 24  $H_{ex}\!\!=\!\!36 \ D_{ec} - 36{*}0.1v \!\!=\!\!3.6v$ 

5<sup>th</sup> byte (01): Alarm

6<sup>th</sup> ~ 11<sup>th</sup> byte (00000000000): Reserved

5.2 Example of ConfigureCmd

FPort: 0x07

Bytes	1	1	Var(Fix =9 Bytes)
	CmdID	DeviceType	NetvoxPayLoadData

**CmdID**–1 byte

**DeviceType**–1 byte – Device Type of Device

NetvoxPayLoadData- var bytes (Max=9bytes)

Description	Device	Cmd ID	Device Type	NetvoxPayLoadData				
			турс					
Config		0x01		MinTime	MaxTime	BatteryChange	Reserved	
ReportReq		0X01		(2bytes, Unit: s)	(2bytes, Unit: s)	(1byte, Unit: 0.1v)	(4Bytes, Fixed 0x00)	
Config		0.01		Sta	tus	Rese	erved	
ReportRsp	R718TB	0x81		(0x00_success)		(8Bytes, Fixed 0x00)		
ReadConfig	K/101D	0x02 0x31			Rese	erved		
ReportReq					(9Bytes,Fi	ixed 0x00)		
ReadConfig		0			MinTime	MaxTime	BatteryChange	Reserved
ReportRsp		0x82		(2bytes, Unit: s)	(2bytes, Unit: s)	(1byte, Unit: 0.1v)	(4Bytes, Fixed 0x00)	

(1)Configure device parameters MinTime = 1min, MaxTime = 1min, BatteryChange = 0.1v

Downlink: 0131003C003C010000000  $003C(H_{ex}) = 60(D_{ec})$ 

Device returns:

81310000000000000000 (configuration successful)

813101000000000000000 (configuration failed)

(2) Read device parameters

Downlink: 02310000000000000000000

Device returns:

8231003C003C0100000000 (current device parameters)

#### **5.3 Example of ButtonPressTime**

FPort: 0x0D

Description	CmdID	PayLoad(Var bytes)
-------------	-------	--------------------

SetButtonPressTimeReq	0x01	PressTime(1byte)	
		0x00_QuickPush_Less then 1 Second,	
		Other Value present the presstime such as	
		0x01_1 Second push,	
		0x02_2 Seconds push,	
		0x03_3 Seconds push,	
		0x04_4 Seconds push,	
		0x05_5 Seconds push,	
		and so on	
SetButtonPressTimeRsp	0x81	Status(0x00_Success	
		0x01_Failure)	
GetButtonPressTimeReq	0x02	Reserved (1Byte,Fixed 0x00)	
GetButtonPressTimeRsp	0x82	PressTime(1byte)	
		Other Value present the presstime such as	
		0x01_1 Second push,	
		0x02_2 Seconds push,	
		0x03_3 Seconds push,	
		0x04_4 Seconds push,	
		0x05_5 Seconds push, and so on	
		Other value is reserved	

(3) Configure device parameters ButtonPressTime=0x0A

Downlink: 010A

Device returns:

8100 (configuration successful)

8101 (configuration failed)

(4) Read device parameters

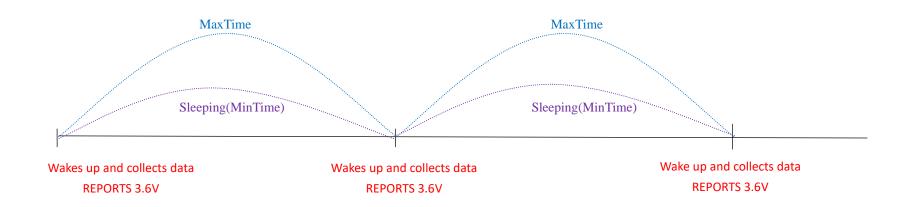
Downlink: 02

Device returns:

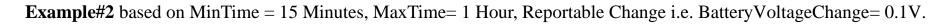
820A (current device parameters)

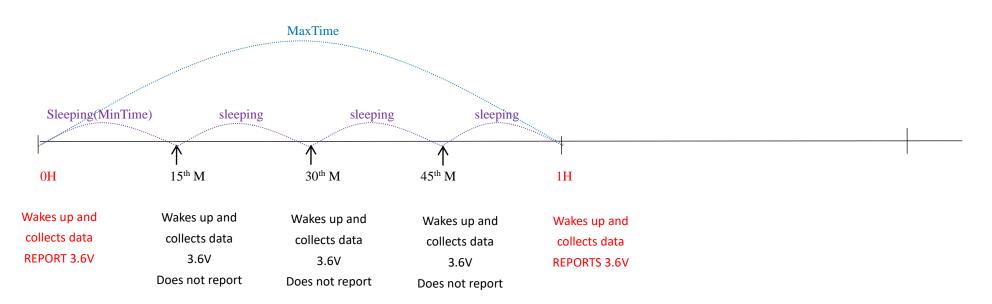
#### **5.4 Example for MinTime/MaxTime logic**

**Example#1** based on MinTime = 1 Hour, MaxTime= 1 Hour, Reportable Change i.e. BatteryVoltageChange=0.1V

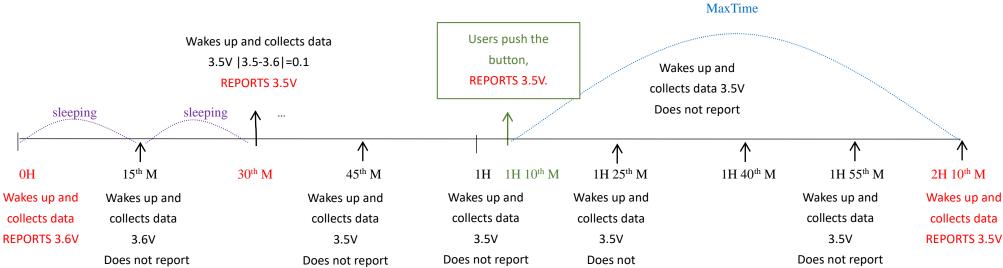


Note: MaxTime=MinTime. Data will only be report according to MaxTime (MinTime) duration regardless BatteryVoltageChange value.





**Example#3** based on MinTime = 15 Minutes, MaxTime= 1 Hour, Reportable Change i.e. BatteryVoltageChange= 0.1V.



report

Notes :

- 1) The device only wakes up and performs data sampling according to MinTime Interval. When it is sleeping, it does not collect data.
- 2) The data collected is compared with the last data <u>reported</u>. If the data variation is greater than the ReportableChange value, the device reports according to MinTime interval. If the data variation is not greater than the last data reported, the device reports according to MaxTime interval.
- 3) We do not recommend to set the MinTime Interval value too low. If the MinTime Interval is too low, the device wakes up frequently and the battery will be drained soon.
- 4) Whenever the device sends a report, no matter resulting from data variation, button pushed or MaxTime interval, another cycle of MinTime/MaxTime calculation is started.

#### 6. Information about Battery Passivation

Many of Netvox devices are powered by 3.6V ER14505 Li-SOC12 (lithium-thionyl chloride) batteries that offer many advantages including low self-discharge rate and high energy density.

However, primary lithium batteries like Li-SOC12 batteries will form a passivation layer as a reaction between the lithium anode and thionyl chloride if they are in storage for a long time or if the storage temperature is too high. This lithium chloride layer prevents rapid self-discharge caused by continuous reaction between lithium and thionyl chloride, but battery passivation may also lead to voltage delay when the batteries are put into operation, and our devices may not work correctly in this situation.

As a result, please make sure to source batteries from reliable vendors, and it is suggested that if the storage period is more than one month from the date of battery production, all the batteries should be activated.

If encountering the situation of battery passivation, users can activate the battery to eliminate the battery hysteresis.

#### **ER14505 Battery Passivation:**

#### 6.1 To determine whether a battery requires activation

Connect a new ER14505 battery to a resistor in parallel, and check the voltage of the circuit.

If the voltage is below 3.3V, it means the battery requires activation.

**6.2** How to activate the battery

a. Connect a battery to a resistor in parallel

#### b. Keep the connection for 5~8 minutes

c. The voltage of the circuit should be  $\geq$  3.3, indicating successful activation.

Brand	Load Resistance	Activation Time	Activation Current
NHTONE	165 Ω	5 minutes	20mA
RAMWAY	67 Ω	8 minutes	50mA
EVE	67 Ω	8 minutes	50mA
SAFT	67 Ω	8 minutes	50mA

Note:

If you buy batteries from other than the above four manufacturers, then the battery activation time, activation current, and required load resistance shall be mainly subject to the announcement of each manufacturer.

#### 7. Important Maintenance Instruction

Kindly pay attention to the following in order to achieve the best maintenance of the product:

- Keep the device dry. Rain, moisture, or any liquid might contain minerals and thus corrode electronic circuits. If the device gets wet, please dry it completely.
- Do not use or store the device in dusty or dirty environment. It might damage its detachable parts and electronic components.
- Do not store the device under excessive heat condition. High temperature can shorten the life of electronic devices, destroy batteries, and deform or melt some plastic parts.
- Do not store the device in places that are too cold. Otherwise, when the temperature rises to normal temperature, moisture will form inside, which will destroy the board.

• Do not throw, knock or shake the device. Rough handling of equipment can destroy internal circuit boards and delicate structures.

- Do not clean the device with strong chemicals, detergents or strong detergents.
- Do not apply the device with paint. Smudges might block in the device and affect the operation.
- Do not throw the battery into the fire, or the battery will explode. Damaged batteries may also explode.

All of the above applies to your device, battery and accessories. If any device is not working properly, please take it to the nearest

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authorized service facility for repair.